

Technical Report #08013 from  
Bigelow Laboratory for Ocean Sciences

**NUTRIENT, CHLOROPHYLL, and HYDROGRAPHIC PROFILES**  
**at the NORTH POLE ENVIRONMENTAL OBSERVATORY,**  
**April 17-22, 2006**

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using optics at the North Pole Environmental Observatory.  
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The goal of this project was to begin an evaluation of nutrients and phytoplankton standing stocks in the central Arctic Ocean based on sampling at the North Pole Environmental Observatory. Six stations were sampled in April 2006, where vertical profiles of hydrographic properties (salinity, temperature, sigma-t), in-situ fluorescence, water clarity, and nutrients in the region of the NPEO were determined (Figure 1). Station locations, times, and sampling details are tabulated in file, NPB06STA.CSV, and column names and their descriptions in Appendix 1 of this report.

Vertical profiles of hydrographic, fluorescence, water clarity, and nutrients over the upper 150 m were obtained using a Seabird SBE-19 CTD (serial number 1923347-2995) combined with a fluorometer and transmissometer. The continuous CTD profiles were processed using standard SeaSoft software with the results being binned into 0.5 m depth intervals. The Wetstar model WS3S miniature flow-through fluorometer (serial number 646P) had an excitation wavelength of 460 nm and an emission wavelength of 695 nm. The fluorometer was calibrated in the laboratory with aqueous solutions of resorufin (Christensen, 2006a). The fluorescence of resorufin was compared with the fluorescence of purified chlorophyll-a (from the algae *Anacystis nidulans*) dissolved in buffered acetone (10 ml of 1% (weight per volume) magnesium carbonate per L of 90% acetone). These chlorophyll solutions showed a fluorescence of 40.0 times that of resorufin for the same molar concentrations. The output of the fluorometer was first converted to fluorescence of resorufin ( $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) and then to that of chlorophyll-a (expressed in  $\mu\text{g-chl/L}$ ) using this factor and the molecular weight of chlorophyll-a (893.5 g/mole). The Wet Labs C Star model transmissometer (serial number CST-959PR) measures water clarity with red light (660 nm) over a 25 cm pathlength. The transmissometer is calibrated by measuring the voltage output of the light beam through clean dry air at temperatures from  $-4^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $18^{\circ}\text{C}$  and by completely blocking the light beam to measure the

zero-light voltage at the same temperatures (Christensen 2006b). Percent transmittance and beam attenuation coefficient (1/m) was calculated as described in Christensen (2006b). The continuous vertical profiles for all stations are tabulated in the file, NPB06CTD.CSV, and column names and their descriptions in Appendix 2 of this report..

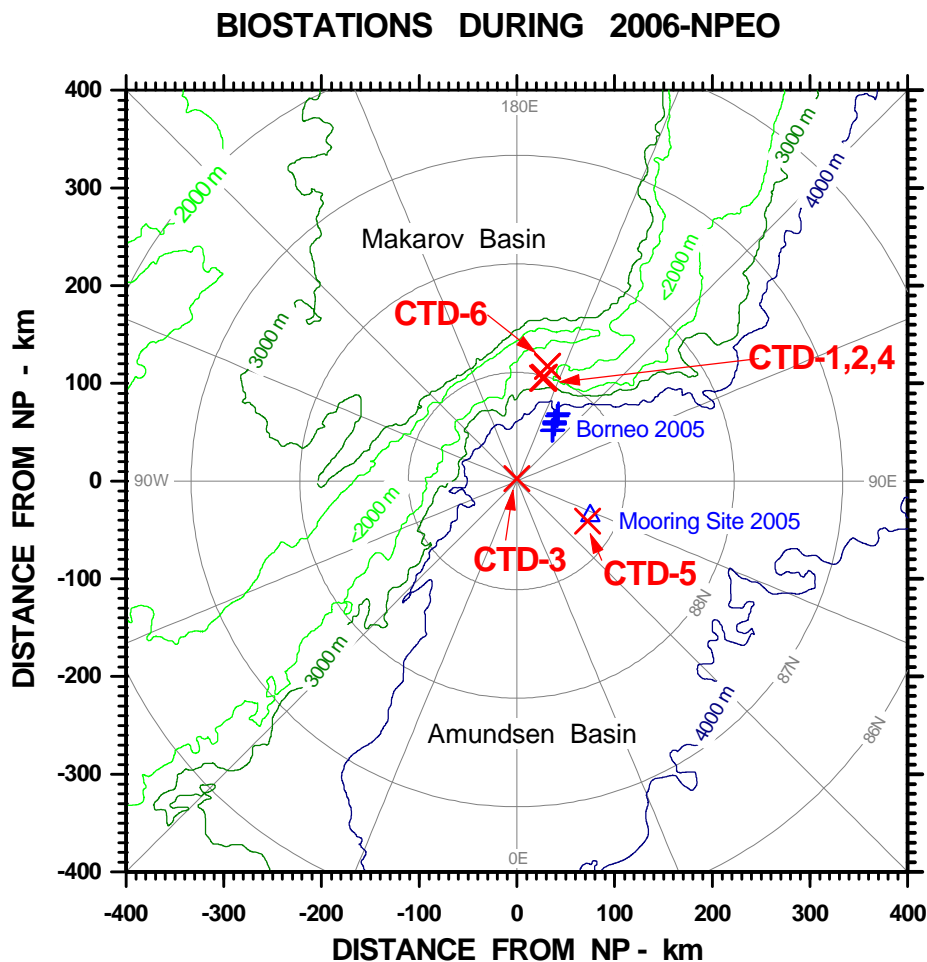


Figure 1. Locations sampled during NPEO 2006 and showing previous years' locations.

Nutrients and  $^{18}\text{O} / ^{16}\text{O}$  ratios of the seawater were determined on samples collected with Niskin water bottles at 8-9 depths over the profile distances. These samples were frozen in tightly sealing bottles for return to Maine for measurement. Nutrients were measured by autoanalyzer. Nitrate and nitrite concentrations were measured by the methods of Armstrong et al. (1967) and Pavlou (1972). Ammonium was measured using the method of Koroleff (1970) and Slawyk and MacIsaac (1972). Phosphate was measured by the method of Murphy and Riley (1962) and Pavlou (1972). Dissolved silicate was measured by the method of Armstrong et al. (1967). The oxygen isotope data was measured at the Stable Isotope Facility at the University of Maine at Orono. The discrete vertical profiles for all stations are tabulated in the file, NPB06BTL.CSV, and column names and their descriptions in Appendix 3 of this report.

## REFERENCES

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Pavlou, S.P. 1972. Phytoplankton Growth Dynamics. Technical Series 1, Chemostat Methodology and Chemical Analyses. Special Report No. 52, Dept. Oceanography, University of Washington, Seattle, WA 98195, 130 pp.

Appendix 1. Column listings in the data file, NPB06STA.CSV. The file is an ASC-II comma-separated-value file. Header-3 are headers found in row 8. Header-4 are headers found in row 9. Header-5 are headers found in row 10. Columns with alphanumeric data have blank values of "--", while columns of numerical data have blank values of -9, -99, or -999. All Borneo CTD samplings occurred through ice-holes within 5 m of each other.

| Column # | Header-3  | Header-4    | Header-5 | Description  |
|----------|-----------|-------------|----------|--|
| 1        | CRUISE#   | NP-         | #        | Cruise number: year in units position - cruise identifier in tenths place                      |
| 2        | STATION   | --          | #        | Sequential biological station number   |
| 3        | NAME      | SITE        | NAME     | Site name or location  |
| 4        | TASK      | --          | NOTE     | Site task  |
| 5        |           |             |          | Section Separator  |
| 6        | YEAR      | GMT         | YYYY     | Sampling year at the station beginning   |
| 7        | MONTH     | GMT         | MM       | Sampling month at the station beginning  |
| 8        | DAY       | GMT         | DD       | Sampling day at the station beginning  |
| 9        | HR        | GMT         | HH       | Sampling hour at the station beginning   |
| 10       | MIN       | GMT         | MM       | Sampling minute at the station beginning   |
| 11       | SEC       | GMT         | SS       | Sampling second at the station beginning   |
| 12       | JDAY      | GMT         | DECDAY   | Julian day and time in decimal days at the station beginning                                   |
| 13       | LAT       | NORTH       | DECDEG   | North Latitude in decimal degrees at the station beginning                                     |
| 14       | LONG      | EAST        | DECDEG   | East Longitude in decimal degrees at the station beginning                                     |
| 15       |           |             |          | Section Separator  |
| 16       | DAY       | GMT         | DD       | Sampling day at the station end  |
| 17       | HR        | GMT         | HH       | Sampling hour at the station end   |
| 18       | MIN       | GMT         | MM       | Sampling minute at the station end   |
| 19       | SEC       | GMT         | SS       | Sampling second at the station end   |
| 20       | JDAY      | GMT         | DECDAY   | Julian day and time in decimal days at the station end   |
| 21       | LAT       | NORTH       | DECDEG   | North latitude in decimal degrees at the station end   |
| 22       | LONG      | EAST        | DECDEG   | East longitude in decimal degrees at the station end   |
| 23       |           |             |          | Section Separator  |
| 24       | DISTANCE  | FROM CTD1   | KM       | Distance from the CTD location of CTD-1 (beginning locations)                                  |
| 25       | DRIFTRATE | LAST CTD    | CM/S     | Rate of drift between the current CTD cast and the previous CTD cast using beginning positions |
| 26       | DRIFTRATE | DURING CAST | CM/S     | Rate of drift between the beginning and end of the current CTD cast                            |
| 27       | ICE       | THICKNESS   | CM       | Thickness of ice-pack at the station   |
| 28       | DEPTH     | CTDMAX      | M        | Maximum depth of the CTD cast  |
| 29       | NOTES     | --          | NOTE     | Notes about the station  |

Appendix 2. Column listings in the data file NPB06CTD.CSV. The file is an ASC-II comma-separated-value file. Columns with alphanumeric data have blank values of "--", while columns of numerical data have blank values of -9, -99, or -999. Header-3 are headers found in row 8. Header-4 are headers found in row 9. Header-5 are headers found in row 10.

| Column# | Header-3  | Header-4   | Header-5 | Description   |
|---------|-----------|------------|----------|---|
| 1       | CRUISE#   | NP-        | #        | Cruise number: year in units position - cruise identification in tenths place                             |
| 2       | CTD#      | --         | #        | Sequential CTD number   |
| 3       | DEPTH-BIN | BIN-CENTER | M        | Center of the depth bin in meters   |
| 4       | DEPTH-AV  | --         | M        | Average depth of binned data in meters  |
| 5       | PRES      | --         | DBAR     | Average pressure of the binned data in decibars   |
| 6       | TEMP      | --         | DEGC     | Average temperature of the binned data in degrees C   |
| 7       | SAL       | --         | PSU      | Average salinity of the binned data in psu  |
| 8       | SIGMAT    | --         | MG/L     | Average density (sigma-t) of the binned data in mg/L  |
| 9       | FLUOR     | [CHLA]EX   | UG-CHL/L | Average fluorometer-assessed chlorophyll concentration in micrograms of extracted chlorophyll-a per liter |
| 10      | TRANS     | T          | PERCENT  | Water clarity as assessed by percent transmittance.   |
| 11      | BEAMATTN  | COEF       | 1/M      | Water clarity as assessed by beam attenuation coefficient in 1/meter                                      |

Appendix 3. Column listings in the data file NPB06BTL.CSV. The file is an ASC-II comma-separated-value file. Columns with alphanumeric data have blank values of "--", while columns of numerical data have blank values of -9, -99, or -999. Header-3 are headers found in row 8. Header-4 are headers found in row 9. Header-5 are headers found in row 10.

| Column # | Header-3  | Header-4   | Header-5 | DESCRIPTION  |
|----------|-----------|------------|----------|--|
| 1        | CRUISE#   | NP-        | #        | Cruise number: year in units position - cruise identifier in tenths place                                  |
| 2        | STATION   | --         | #        | Sequential biological station #  |
| 3        | NAME      | SITE       | NAME     | Site name or location  |
| 4        | DEPTH-BIN | BIN CENTER | M        | Center depth of the vertical bin   |
| 5        | DEPTH     | CTD        | M        | CTD-measured bottle depths in meters   |
| 6        | PRES      | CTD        | DBAR     | CTD-measured pressures in decibars   |
| 7        | TEMP      | --         | DEGC     | CTD-measured temperatures in degrees C   |
| 8        | SAL       | --         | PSU      | CTD-measured salinities in psu   |
| 9        | SIGMAT    | --         | MG/L     | Density (sigma-t) values in mg/kg  |
| 10       | FLUOR     | [CHLA]EX   | UG-CHL/L | In-situ fluorometer measured chlorophyll concentrations in micrograms of extracted chlorophyll-a per liter |
| 11       | TRANS     | T          | PERCENT  | Water clarity assessed by percent transmittance  |
| 12       | BEAMATTN  | COEF       | 1/M      | Water clarity assessed by beam attenuation coefficient in 1/meter  |
| 13       | NO3       | --         | UMOL/L   | Nitrate concentrations in micromoles/L   |
| 14       | NO2       | --         | UMOL/L   | Nitrite concentrations in micromoles/L   |
| 15       | NH4       | --         | UMOL/L   | Ammonium concentrations in micromoles/L  |
| 16       | TIN       | --         | UMOL/L   | Total inorganic nitrogen concentrations (sum of nitrate, nitrite, ammonium) in micromoles/L                |
| 17       | PO4       | --         | UMOL/L   | Inorganic phosphate concentrations in micromoles/L   |
| 18       | SI        | --         | UMOL/L   | Dissolved inorganic silicate concentrations in micromoles/L  |
| 19       | O18/O16   | --         | PER MIL  | Seawater <sup>18</sup> O isotope ratios in per mil relative to SMOW  |

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 Report End: File: NPB06DOC.XXX