

HIWC 2022 Diode Laser Hygrometer (DLH) Data Descriptor

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1. Data Set Description

a. Variables

- i. Water vapor mixing ratio
- ii. Relative humidity with respect to supersaturated water (derived)
- iii. Relative humidity with respect to ice (derived)

b. Data version number and date

c. Data Status: Final

d. Time period covered by the data: July 8-30, 2022

e. Physical location: NASA AFRC DC-8

f. Data Frequency: 1 second

g. Data source: N/A

h. Web address references: N/A

i. Data set restrictions: Data available without restriction, contact PI for more information if desired

2. Instrument description: The Diode Laser Hygrometer (DLH) uses open-path near infrared absorption spectroscopy to quantify in situ water vapor mixing ratios ($H_2O(v)$) from aircraft platforms (Diskin et al., 2002). On the DC-8, a ~ 1.4 μm laser is directed from a window-mounted transceiver to a commercial retroreflective film attached to the inboard side of the left outboard engine cowling. The retroreflected light is collected onto a detector.

Instrument Precision	< 1%
Instrument Accuracy	5% ($H_2O(v)$), 15% (RH_i , RH_w)
Data Rate	As high as 100 Hz

3. Data collection and processing: Raw signal is converted to water vapor mixing ratio using a combination of a model derived from the HITRAN spectral database and a series of laser-dependent frequency calibrations. Interpolated static air temperature and static pressure (HIWC 2022 Air Data Use) are used as model inputs on a point-by-point basis. Relative humidities are derived using the same static temperature/pressure and parameterizations from Murphy & Koop (2005).
4. Data file structure: The data is presented in the NASA ICARTT data format v1.1 (<https://www-air.larc.nasa.gov/missions/etc/IcarttDataFormat.htm>).
5. Data remarks: Missing segments near top of boundary layer are due to data loss from dense warm clouds.

6. References:

Diskin, G. S., Podolske, J. R., Sachse, G. W., & Slate, T. A. (2002). Open-path airborne tunable diode laser hygrometer. *Diode Lasers and Applications in Atmospheric Sensing*, 4817, 196–204.

<https://doi.org/10.1117/12.453736>

Murphy, D. M., & Koop, T. (2005). Review of the vapour pressures of ice and supercooled water for atmospheric applications. *Quarterly Journal of the Royal Meteorological Society*, 131(608), 608.

<https://doi.org/10.1256/qj.04.94>